

Quiz 3  
Coding Theory  
10<sup>th</sup> February 2006  
Time: 1 hour (12:30–1:30pm)

**1.** Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

over  $GF(5)$ . Show that  $A$  can give minimum distance separable (MDS) codes. [6] Find two such codes if they exist, and give either a generator matrix or a parity check matrix for each of them. [6] Then give the code words and encoding functions for each. [8]

**Solution.** Examine the values of determinant for all submatrices of  $A$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 2$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 3$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 2$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 3$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 3$ . We can see that no submatrices of  $A$  are singular, therefore we may obtain from

$A$  two MDS codes, namely the  $[6, 3, -]$  code over  $GF(5)$  with the generator matrix  $G = (I_3 \ A)$  and the  $[6, 3, -]$  code over  $GF(5)$  with the parity check matrix  $H = (A \ I_3)$ . For the first one, the generating function is

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Then,

$$(a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3 \ a_4 \ a_5 \ a_6) = (a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

and the encoding functions becomes

$$a_4 = a_1 + 2a_2 + 2a_3$$

$$a_5 = 3a_1 + 3a_2 + 4a_3$$

$$a_6 = 4a_1 + a_2 + 4a_3$$

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The code words are  $C = \{100134; 010231; 001244; 110310; 101323; 11420\}$ .

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For the  $[6, 3, -]$  code, from the parity check matrix we have the generating function

$$G = (I_3 \ -A^T) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Then,

$$(a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3 \ a_4 \ a_5 \ a_6) = (a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

and the encoding functions become

$$a_4 = 4a_1 + 2a_2 + a_3$$

$$a_5 = 3a_1 + 2a_2 + 4a_3$$

$$a_6 = 3a_1 + a_2 + a_3$$

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And then the code is  $C = \{100433, 010221, 001141, 110104, 101024, 011312\}$ .

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